Final Semester Examination 1st part For Doctorate Degree of

Parasitology

Course Title: Medical Parasitology

Date:24 -8-2021

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Assessment Marks: 90 MARKS



Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Department of
Medical Parasitology

All questions must be answered.

I. "Helminths are masters of immunomodulation". Justify this statement and discuss the underlying mechanisms and the practical implications. (10 marks)

II- Discuss briefly the following:

(20 marks)

- 1) Immunotherapy of cryptosporidiosis in immunocompetent and immunocompromised patients.
- 2)Mechanisms of epigenetics.
- 3) Different subsets of T lymphocytes.
- 4) Assessment of B cell competence.

III- Explain the following statements:

(10 marks)

- 1) Difficulty of development of antiparasitic vaccines.
- 2) Persistent high levels of IgM in some parasitic infections.
- 3) Real time PCR is superior to the conventional PCR in the diagnosis of some parasitic diseases.
- 4) Immunodiagnosis plays an important role in the diagnosis of parasitic infections.

IV- Compare between the following:

(25 marks)

- 1) Direct and indirect ELISA.
- 2) Macrophage and neutrophil.
- 3) Genetic drift and gene flow.
- 4) Primary and secondary immunodeficiency.
- 5) Southern and western blotting.

V- Define (with examples, if possible):

(10 marks)

- 1) Anaphylaxis.
- 2) Multiplex PCR.
- 3) Monoclonal antibodies.
- 4) Central tolerance.
- 5) Superantigens.

VI- Choose the correct answer:

(15 marks)

1- Which of the following is true regarding reverse transcriptase PCR?

- A) mRNA is used as a template to form cDNA
- B) RNA is used as a template to form DNA
- C) DNA is used as a template to form SSDNA
- D) All of the above

2- The following factors enhance the induction of tolerance EXCEPT:

- A) Immunosuppressive drugs
- B) Complex antigenic structure
- C) Very high doses of antigen
- D) Continuous presence of antigen

3- Sexual dimorphism is most often a result of:

- A) Pansexual selection
- B) Stabilizing selection
- C) Intrasexual selection
- D) Intersexual selection

4- Which of the following is involved in the pathogenesis of tropical pulmonary eosinophilia?

- A) Type I hypersensitivity reaction
- B) Type IV hypersensitivity reaction
- C) Type III hypersensitivity reaction
- D) All of the above

5-	Immi	unogl	obulin	classes	are	distinguished	by	y the	type	of	
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- A) Variable region in the light chain they posses
- B) Constant region in their lightchain
- C) Heavy chains they posses
- D) None of the above

6- Which of the following can be used to reduce hepatic fibrosis in mice infected by *Schistosoma mansoni?*

- A) IL-12 inhibitor
- B) IL- 13 inhibitor
- C) IL-4
- D) None of the above

7- The antigen-antibody reaction in which the antigen is particulate is called:

- A) Agglutination
- B) Coomb's test
- C) Precipitation
- D) None of the above

8- Which of the following is true regarding phylogenetic study of the parasite?

- A) It builds a "relationship tree" that shows the probable evolution of various organisms
- B) It is the study of large and small subunits of RNA ribosomal ribonucleic acid sequences by PCR
- C) It is a taxonomic classification
- D) All of the above

9- The type of histone linker of the DNA is:

- A) H2A
- B) H2B
- C) H3
- D) H1

- 10- In modern terminology, diversity is understood to be a result of genetic variation. Which of the following is a recognized source of variation for evolution?
 - A) Mistakes in translation of structural genes
 - B) Mistakes in protein folding
 - C) Marked changes to the dictionary of the genetic code
 - D) Binary fission
 - E) Recombination by crossing over in meiosis
- 11- Individuals with impaired cellular immunity are particularly susceptible to infection with:
 - A) Staphylococcus aureus
 - B) Streptococcus pyogenes
 - C) Listeria monocytogenes
 - D) Escherichia coli
 - E) Giardia lamblia
- 12- Allergic diseases are rare in helminth-endemic regions possibly due to:
 - A) Induction of Th2 immune response by helminths
 - B) Induction of Th1 immune response by helminths
 - C) Blocking of IgG by helminth antigens
 - D) None of the above
- 13- Regarding the primary and secondary immune responses which one of the following statements is most accurate?
 - A) The IgM in the primary immune response is made by memory B cells
 - B) The lag phase is shorter in the primary response than in the secondary response
 - C) In the primary response memory B cells are produced but memory T cells are not
 - D) The amount of IgG made in secondary response is greater than those made in the primary response

- A) Th3
- B) Foxp3 + T cells
- C) Natural killer cells
- D) All of the above

15- In those parts of equatorial Africa where the malaria parasite is most common, the sickle-cell allele constitutes 20% of the β hemoglobin alleles in the human gene pool. In the United States, the parasite that causes malaria is not present, but African-Americans whose ancestors were from equatorial Africa are present. What should be happening to the sickle-cell allele in the United States, and what should be happening to it in equatorial Africa?

- A) stabilizing selection; disruptive selection
- B) disruptive selection; stabilizing selection
- C) disruptive selection; directional selection
- D) directional selection; disruptive selection
- E) directional selection; stabilizing selection

BEST WISHES

Chairman of Department