Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Microbiology &Immunology Department
Diplom of Urosurgery (examination ) قديم
(Microbiology & Immunology)

( 25) Date October /2016 time 1.5 hour Choose the best correct answer; 1-All the following are true about steam sterilization Except:

a. Autoclave is adjusted to a temperature of 121 C for 18-20 min. . b. Autoclave is more efficient than dry heat. c. Autoclave is used for surgical instruments and linens. d. Autoclave kills all microorganisms but not necessarily spores. 1 2-. Predisposing causes of Nosocomial infections all EXEPT; b- Invasive procedures. Long and massive antibiotic therapy . b- Invasive proce-ressed immunity. d- Safe waste management. 1 c- Depressed immunity. 3- Microbial control methods that kill-------- are able to sterilize . c) Cysts a) Viruses b) T.B d) Endospores 1 4- -Which of the following is a quinolone antibiótic with broadspecterm A. Piperacillin. b. Ciprofloxacin. c. Cefoperazone. d. Imipenem. 1 5-An antibiotic that interferes with the structure or function of (the) .....would be most likely to have serious side effects. a-flagellin. b- DNA c- capsule 6- Suprapubic aspirated urine from a neonate could contain: 7--Anaphylaxis is a type of: a-immediate type hypersensitivity b-delayed type of hypersensitivity c-hypersensitivity depending on T cells. d- hypersensitivity depending on CD8 . 8--Graft rejection is ; a- B cell dependent. b-T cell dependent c-Antibody dependent d-all of the above 9 -Acquired active immunity can result due to all EXEPT; a-acute disease. b-subclinical disease. c-injection of toxoid. D-injection of IgM. 1 10-Man can resist microbial attack by: a-Red blood cells. b-Histamine and serotonin c. Opsonins. 11-Anaerobic infection is suspected in all EXEPT; a-Open space infection. b- Foul odour pus.. c) Sinuses and abscess burrowing in deep tissue layer. d)Areas with reduced blood supply and necrotic tissues. 1 .12- All of the following is true about Staphylococcus aureus EXCEPT: a-Is resistant to phagocytosis by neutrophils. b-Produces exotoxins. d-not involved in UTI. 1 c- Is the most common cause of carbuncle. 13- Graft and tumor rejection are mediated by all of the following EXCEPT: a-Phagocytic cells. b-Helper T cells. c-Cytotoxic T cells. d-Non-complement fixing antibody. infection, how to avoid this proplem ?6 14-Famous microbs causing nosocomial 15-Three of the most suitable antimicrobials used for treatment of UTI ,and mechanism of action.

GOOD LUCK

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Tanta University Faculty of Medicine

General Surgery\_Exam

دبلوم و ماجستير جراحة المسالك البولية

Exam 4 october 2016 All questions to be answered

- Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical picture and management of septic shock
   (10 degrees)
- 2. Discuss the differential diagnosis and investigations of a case of pain in the right iliac fossa (10 degrees)
- 3. Discuss pre-operative evaluation of a patient undergoing nephrectomy (10 degrees)
- 4. What is the differential diagnosis and investigations of a case of scrotal mass (10 degrees)
- 5. What is the etiology and management of a case of deep vein thrombosis (10 degrees)
- 6. What are the complications of blood transfusion

(10 degrees)

امتحان الشفوي والعملي يوم ٢٠١٦/١٠/٢ بقسم الجراحة العامة بالمستشفي التعليمي الجديد الدور السابع الساعة الثامنة صباحا

Good luck

Examination for Diploma Degree in: Urology

Course Title: Histology

Date: 1/10/2016 Term: October Time Allowed:

Total Assessment Marks: 30 marks



Tanta University Faculty of Medicine

Department of: Histology ......

Answer the following Questions (illustrate your answers with labeled diagrams):

Q1 - Discuss structure and function of Golgi apparatus.

8 marks

Q2 - Give an account on smooth muscle.

6 Marks

Q3 - Describe podocytes with reference to blood renal

9 Marks

barrier

Q4- Discuss the structure and function of sertoli cell.

7 marks

## **GOOD LUCK**

الشفوي يوم ١ / ٢٠١٦/١٠ بعد الإنتهاء من امتحان التحرير; مباشرة

Chairman of Department

Prof Dr. EHSAN FAROUK SALAH