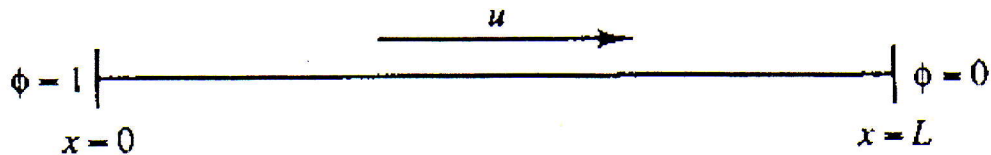


Note: Assume any data required , state your assumption clearly. Answer all the following Questions

Question (1) (30 Marks)

A property ϕ is transported by means of convection and diffusion through the one – dimensional domain sketched in the figure. The governing equation is $\frac{d\rho u\phi}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx} \right) \right)$ the boundary conditions are $\phi_0 = 1.0$ at $x=0$ and $\phi_L = 0.0$ at $x=L$. Using five equally spaced cells and the central differencing scheme, calculate the distribution of ϕ as a function of x . The following data apply $u=2.5$ m/s, length $L=1.0$ m, $\rho=1.0$ kg/m³, $\Gamma = 0.1$ kg/m.s.



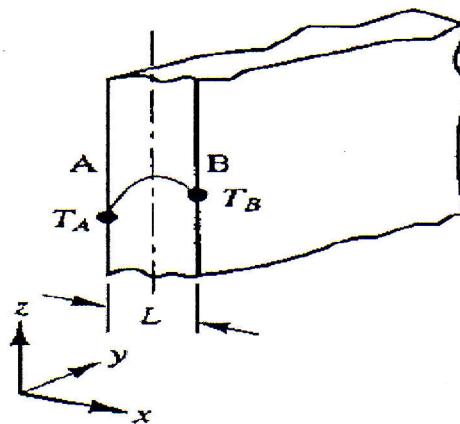
Question (2) (30 Marks)

Figure shows a large plate of thickness $L=2$ cm with constant thermal conductivity $k=0.5$ W/m.K and uniform heat generation $q=1000$ W/k m³. The face A and B are at temperatures of 100°C and 200°C respectively. The one – dimensional problem sketch in figure is governed by

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \frac{dT}{dx} \right) + q = 0$$

Calculated the steady state temperature distribution in the rod. Compare the numerical result

with the analytical solution $T = \left[\frac{T_B - T_A}{L} + \frac{q}{2k} (L - x) \right] x + T_A$

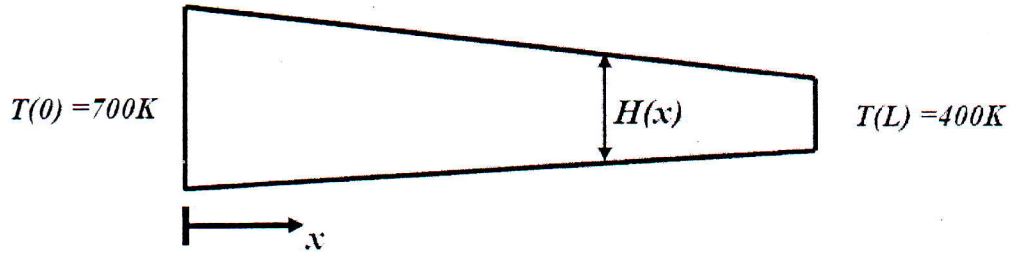


Question (3)**(20 Marks)**

The heat transfer equation in trapezoidal fin shown in the next figure is given by

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(kA(x) \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + hP(x)(T - T_{\infty}) = 0$$

Where, k is the thermal conductivity, $P(x)$ and $A(x)$ are the perimeter and cross sectional area of the fin at any x . given that: $k = 19$ W/m.K, $T_{\infty} = 300$ K, $h = 2$ W/m²K, the fin length is 50 cm and fin width (perpendicular to paper) is 15 cm, the fin height is $H(x) = 5 - 0.005x$ cm. Calculate the temperature distribution along the fin using five grid points

**Question (4)****(20 Marks)**

The x - component of Navier-Stokes equation in two-dimensional with no body force can

be written as:
$$\frac{\partial \rho u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \rho uv}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$$

Drive the finite volume difference equation over a staggered grid and show how the under-relaxation affect the coefficient of the obtained equation. Drive also, an expression for pressure correction equation using SIMPLE algorithm

GOOD LUCK

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